

**Laboratory for the Conservation of Endangered Species (LaCONES)**  
**CSIR - Centre for Cellular and Molecular Biology (CCMB)**

**PROCEDURE FOR COLLECTION, STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION OF BIOLOGICAL  
SAMPLES FOR DNA ANALYSIS, SPECIES IDENTIFICATION, PATERNITY TESTING,  
INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFICATION AND RELATEDNESS**

**Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)**

- **What are the different samples that can be examined?**

Both fresh as well as dried tissue samples can be used for DNA extraction. It may include whole blood, blood stains, hairs, bones, meat flesh, skin pieces, feces/scat/stool, tooth pulp etc.

- **Please note that LaCONES, CSIR-CCMB does not accept Ambergris (Whale Vomit), Animal oils/fats and Snake venom/poison (Liquid or crystals) for any type of DNA analysis.**
- **DNA techniques cannot be used for determining age and cause of death by poisoning or electrocution.**
- **Presently, sex identification and genotyping for individual identification and relatedness are only done for TIGER, LEOPARD and ELEPHANT, and not for other species.**

- **Who should collect the biological samples?**

It is essential for persons who collect biological samples to have some knowledge of DNA extraction and testing procedures so that he or she can take precautionary measures to ensure the integrity of DNA during collection.

- **What should be the quantity / amount of different biological material?**

Although small quantities of biological samples can yield sufficient DNA for profiling, it is always prudent to obtain as much forensic specimens as reasonable.

- **How to store and transport various biological samples?**

*All relevant information, like type of specimen, date of collection, location and number, etc. must accompany each and every sample.*

**Note: Please do not use FORMALIN for preserving and storing the sample.**

To minimize loss of quantity and quality of DNA, it is necessary to properly store the samples after collection. Sometimes the quantity of forensic specimen is small and limited and cannot be collected a second time. These materials (**Tissues/biopsies**) should essentially be stored at low temperatures, as described, or fixed in a solution like normal saline (0.85% solution of sodium chloride), alcohol or covered completely with common salt. The biological material can then be transported at room temperature for short periods or low temperature (in dry ice) for long period transportation.

In case of fresh **blood**, 50-100 micro liter of EDTA (0.5M solution) should be added to 5-10 ml of blood as an **anticoagulant** at the time of collection with gentle mixing for five-ten (5-10) minutes. It is always better to use EDTA vacutainers (**pre-coated with EDTA, commercially available**) for collection of blood. Proper hygiene must be maintained while collecting the samples. Dry samples (**Skin, hair, nail, tooth, feather**, etc.) should be collected in clear envelopes to avoid any possible contamination. These packets should be kept either in a cool and dry place or in frozen condition.

**Dung/fecal** sample should be collected and stored in plastic bags / zip-lock bags containing silica gel for desiccation and to prevent the growth of microbes. Make sure to collect the outer layer from the dung/fecal sample without too much disturbance. Since the outer layer is in contact with the intestinal tract, so this contains the cells. The dung/fecal sample should not be touched with bare hands to avoid contamination. Try collecting dung/fecal sample, which is fresh to few days old. After collection the dung/fecal sample should be stored at 4°C.

**Collection of biological evidence from bite-marks/ bite wounds – Tissue/ saliva collected from wounds on human or animal carcass** – Always wear sterile gloves and face mask at the time of sample collection. Swab samples should be collected from victim's body/ carcass prior to post-mortem or before any handling/ moving of body. Swab samples should be collected as soon as possible after death. Saliva of the predatory carnivore is expected to be deposited around and within wound areas. In order to minimise contamination with victim's tissue, superficial areas around the wound should be swabbed first, and the swab packed in a clean Ziploc cover. Separate swabs can be used to collect tissue/ saliva from surface or deeper layers of the wound and packed separately. Do not add ethanol or silica gel to the sample within the cover. Label the cover with details about victim, location, date of collection. Store cover in a cool place and transport immediately to the laboratory. **It is important that samples are collected fresh and reach the lab as soon as possible due to minute quantities and degradable nature of the samples.** **Requirements** – Sterile cotton swabs, Sterile gloves, Ziploc covers, Permanent marker.

- **Can cooked / half cooked meat and putrefied samples also be examined?**

It all depends on the recovery of moderately good quality of DNA from such samples. It may be successful in some cases, which of course can be tried in our laboratory.

- **Who is the forwarding authority of the sample?**

Any investigation officer (Government) can be a forwarding authority of the sample.

- **Is there any specific pro forma for details of the samples/identity cards etc.?**

As such there is no strict and specific pro forma for the details of samples. However, the minimum information required for examination of a sample, such as information about the handling and storage condition of the sample, date of collection, signed forwarding letter etc. should accompany the samples sent for DNA analysis.

- **What, if the scientific evidence is to be submitted and defended in the court of law?**

In such situation the case should be forwarded through the state or central forensic laboratory, following the regular norms of forwarding a case for forensic investigation. We will submit the

report of examination to that particular laboratory, which may later be defended by the scientific representative of that laboratory.

- **What is the current fee for analysis?**

Presently, the examination fee is **Rs. 5000.00 for Species Identification, Rs. 2000.00 for sex identification in birds and Rs. 12,000.00 for paternity testing/ individual identification/ relatedness per sample** examined. **The amount is exclusive of 18% GST.** Any number of samples can be forwarded. The total fee of examination depends on the number of samples forwarded and questions that are asked in the forwarding letter to resolve a particular case. The fee of examination plus 18% GST is to be submitted only by demand draft (Cheques will not be accepted) drawn in favor of **The Director, CCMB**, payable at **Hyderabad**. In case if you want to make **online payment** please follow the following link:

**CCMB SB Collect Link:**

<https://www.onlinesbi.com/sbcollect/collecthome.htm?corpID=378316>

Please choose the drop down option as **TSP2 wildlife Forensics**. Once you make the payment please share the transaction details [e-Receipt] to **bdg@ccmb.res.in** or call **040 2719 5512** and inform.

**Fees can also be paid in cash at the address mentioned below.** This fee charged is a nominal amount towards the expenses on chemicals/reagents used for analysis. **Fees once paid will not be refunded.**

- **Who can collect the report and case properties on completion of DNA analysis?**

DNA analysis report and case properties can be collected by a person duly authorized by the same forwarding authority. The person should possess valid identity proof.

- **What is the maximum time limit to take back the case property/sample after submission of the DNA analysis report?**

After submission of the DNA analysis report, the forwarding authority should make arrangements to take back the case properties/samples **within one month**. The case properties/samples will be incinerated if not taken back within one month of report submission. The perishable/putrefied samples will be **incinerated immediately** upon completion of DNA analysis.

- **Address for sending the samples for DNA analysis:**

**In-charge, Business Development Group (BDG),  
iHUB, Medical Biotechnology Unit, CCMB Annexe II,  
Near Genpact Campus, Uppal Road  
Hyderabad – 500 039**

**Phone number: +40-27195512/27195523/27195555**

**Email: [bdg@ccmb.res.in](mailto:bdg@ccmb.res.in)**